

# ISIT312 Big Data Management

# Extraction, Transformation and Loading

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# Extraction, Transformation and Loading

## Outline

Extraction, Transformation and Loading

Conceptual ETL Design using BPMN

Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL

# Extraction, Transformation and Loading (ETL)

**Extract** data from internal and external sources, **transform** data, and **load** data into a data warehouse (**ETL**)

No agreed way to specify **ETL** at a conceptual level

We study conceptual **ETL** design

Conceptual model based on the **Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN)**

- Users already familiar with **BPMN** do not need to learn another language to design **ETL**
- **BPMN** provides a conceptual and implementation-independent specification of processes
- Processes expressed in **BPMN** can be translated into executable specifications(e.g., Microsoft's Integration Services)

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[Extraction, Transformation and Loading](#)

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[Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL](#)

# Conceptual ETL Design using BPMN

Basic assumption for using **BPMN** as conceptual model: **ETL** process is a type of business process

There is no standard model for defining **ETL** processes

Each tool provides its own model, too detailed to be conceptual

Using **BPMN** constructs we define the most common **ETL** tasks and define a **BPMN** notation for **ETL**

**ETL** process: A combination of **control** and **data processes**

- Control processes manage the coarse-grained groups of tasks
- Data processes detail how input data are transformed and output data are produced

Two kinds of tasks in **ETL** conceptual modeling

- **Control tasks** highlight the control procedures provided by **BPMN**. Represent a **workflow** (arrows represent the precedence between activities)
- **Data tasks** refer to the tasks that directly manipulate data during an ETL process. Represent a **data flow** (arrows represent data 'flowing' along them)

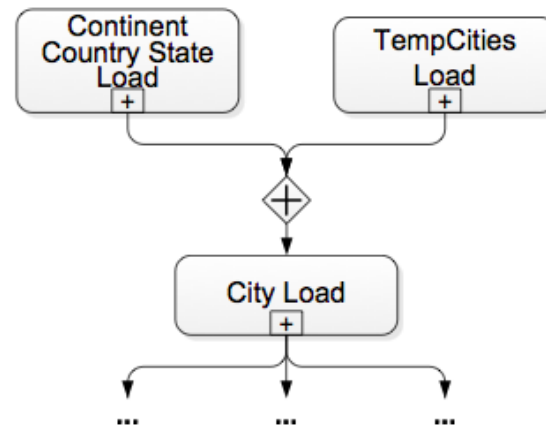
# Control Tasks

Represent the workflow sequence or **orchestration** of the **ETL** process independently of the data flow

Control tasks are represented by means of **BPMN** constructs

For example, gateways are used to control the sequence of activities in an **ETL** process

The most used types of gateways in an **ETL** context are exclusive and parallel



# Data Tasks

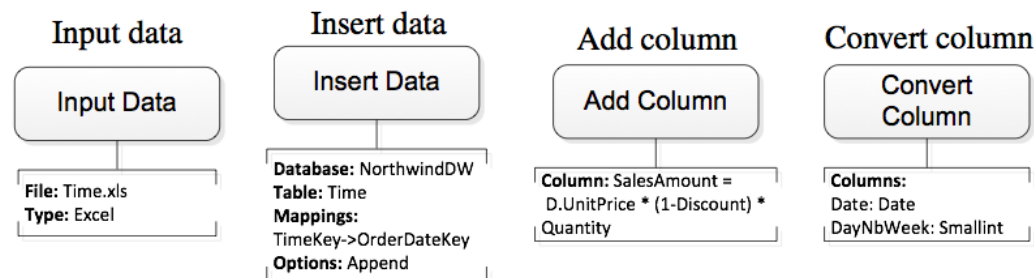
Show how data are manipulated **within** an activity

At lower abstraction level than control tasks

Represent activities typically carried out to manipulate data: input and output data, data conversion and transformation, for instance, change the data type of an attribute, add a column, remove duplicates, and so on

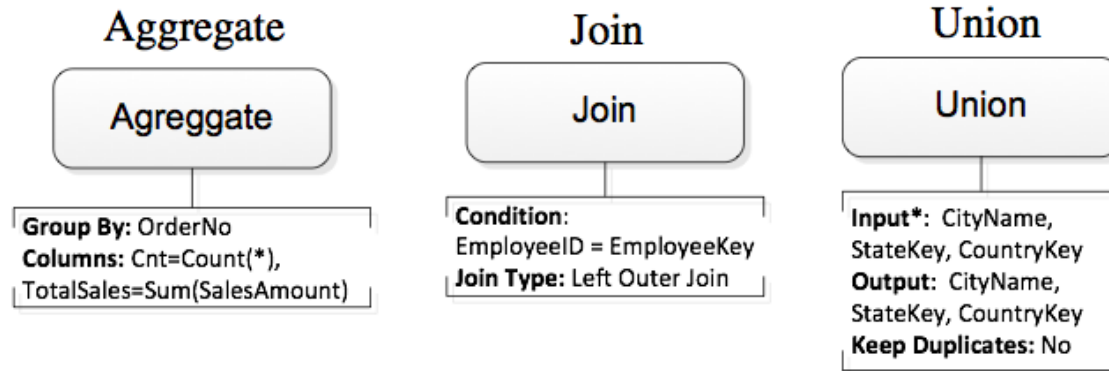
We denote these tasks **unary data tasks** since they receive one input flow  
**n-ary data tasks** receive as input more than one flow (e.g., this is the case of union, join, difference,...)

**Row operations** are the transformations applied to the source or target data on a row-by-row basis, e.g., updating the value of a column



# Rowset Data Tasks

**Rowset operations** deal with a set of rows, e.g., aggregation is a rowset operation

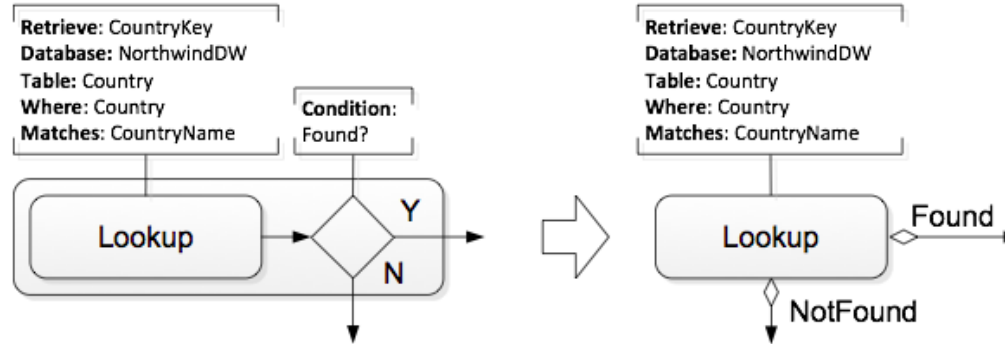




# Lookup Data Tasks

**Lookup Data Tasks** check if some value is present in a file. Immediately followed by an exclusive gateway with a branching condition. We use a shorthand replacing these two tasks by 2 conditional flows.

## Shorthand notation for the lookup task



# Extraction, Transformation and Loading

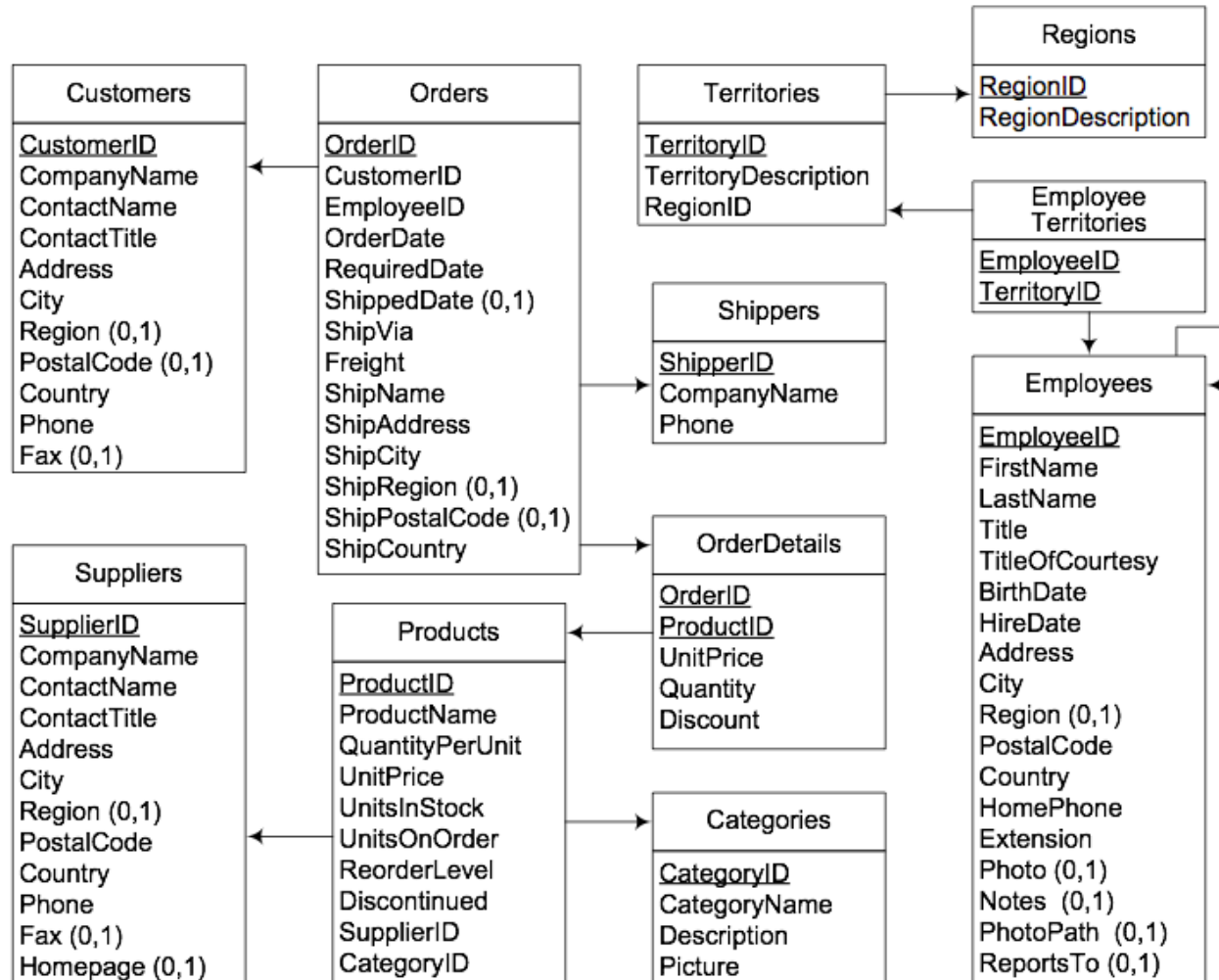
## Outline

[Extraction, Transformation and Loading](#)

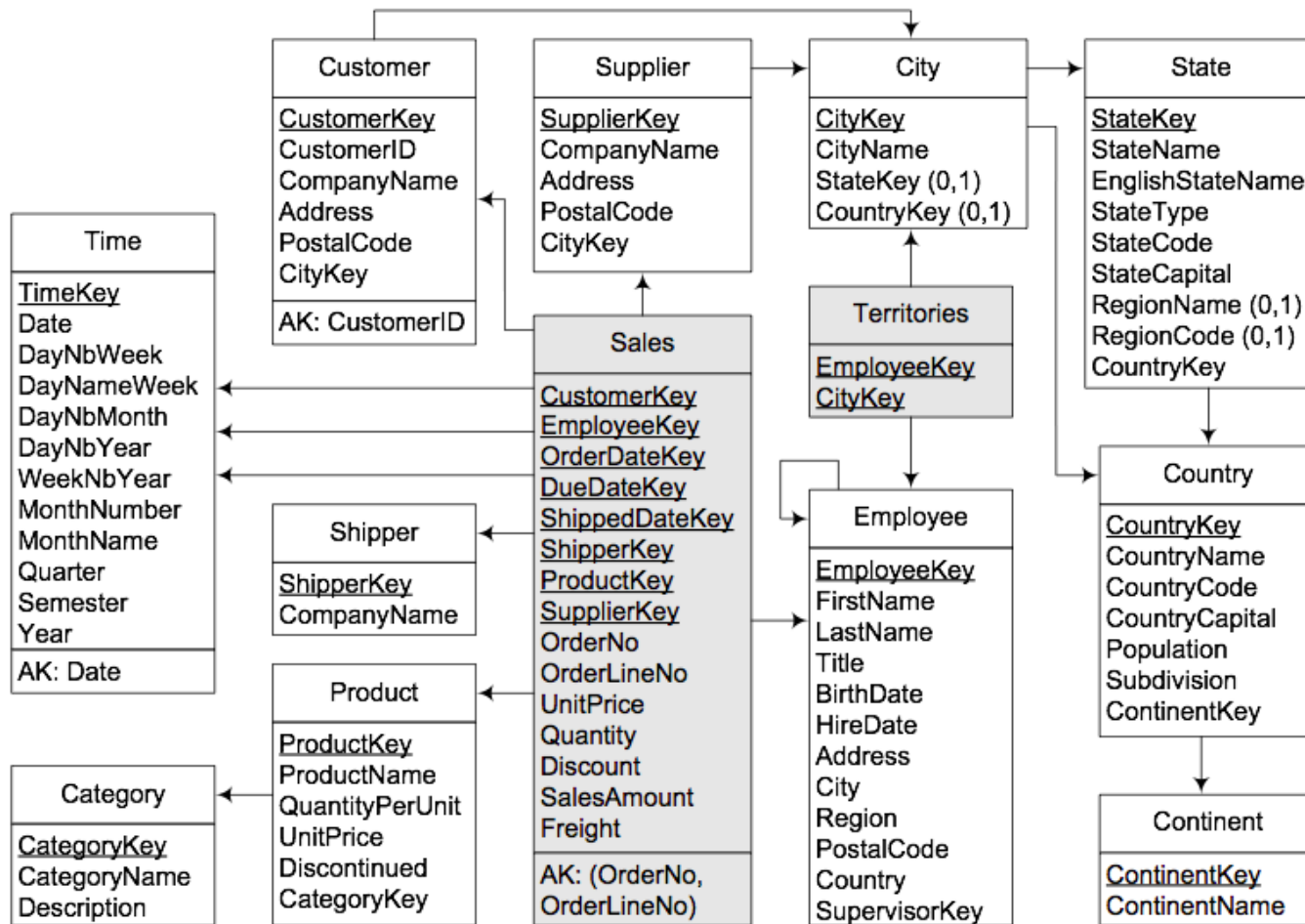
[Conceptual ETL Design using BPMN](#)

[Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL](#)

# Schema of the Northwind Operational Database



# Schema of the Northwind Data Warehouse



# Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL: Data Sources

File **Time.xls** contains data for loading the **Time** dimension, spanning the dates in table **Orders** of the operational database

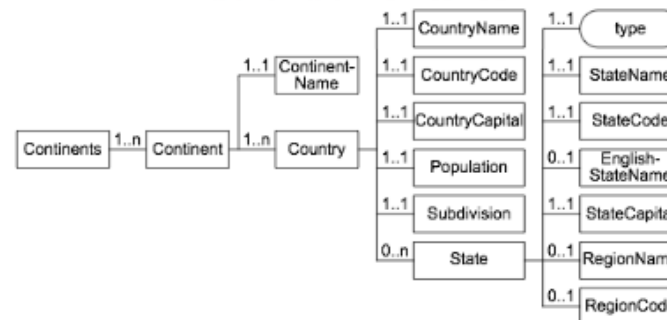
Dimensions **Customer** and **Supplier** share the geographic hierarchy starting at the **City** level

Data for the hierarchy **State** → **Country** → **Continent** loaded from **Territories.xml**

Start of the file **Territories.xml**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<Continents>
  <Continent>
    <ContinentName>Europe</ContinentName>
    <Country>
      <CountryName>Austria</CountryName>
      <CountryCode>AT</CountryCode>
      <CountryCapital>Vienna</CountryCapital>
      <Population>8316487</Population>
      <Subdivision>Austria is divided into nine Bundeslander,
or simply Lnder (states; sing. Land).</Subdivision>
      <State type="state">
        <StateName>Burgenland</StateName>
        <StateCode>BU</StateCode>
        <StateCapital>Eisenstadt</StateCapital>
      </State>
      <State type="state">
        <StateName>Krnten</StateName>
        <StateCode>KA</StateCode>
        <EnglishStateName>Carinthia</EnglishStateName>
        <StateCapital>Klagenfurt</StateCapital>
      </State>
    ...
  </Country>
</Continent>
</Continents>
```

XML Schema of **Territories.xml**



# Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL: Data Sources

File called **Cities.txt** identifies to which state or province a city belongs

Contains three fields separated by tabs and begins as shown below

For cities located in countries that do not have states (e.g. Singapore), second field is set to null

The file is also used to identify to which state corresponds the city in the attribute TerritoryDescription of table **Territories**

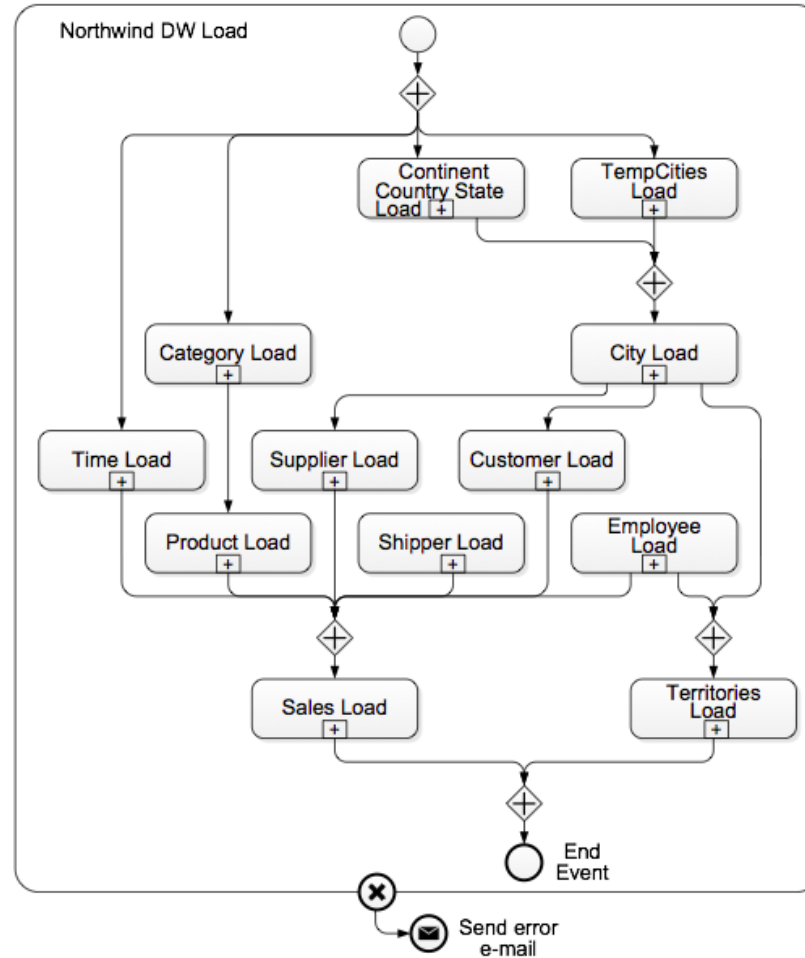
```
City → State → Country
Aachen → North Rhine-Westphalia → Germany
Albuquerque → New Mexico → USA
Anchorage → Alaska → USA
Ann Arbor → Michigan → USA
Annecy → Haute-Savoie → France
...
```

Beginning of the file **Cities.txt**

TempCities
City
State
Country

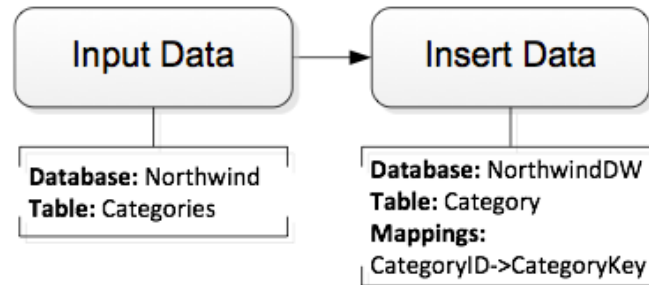
Associated table **TempCities**

# Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL: Overall View



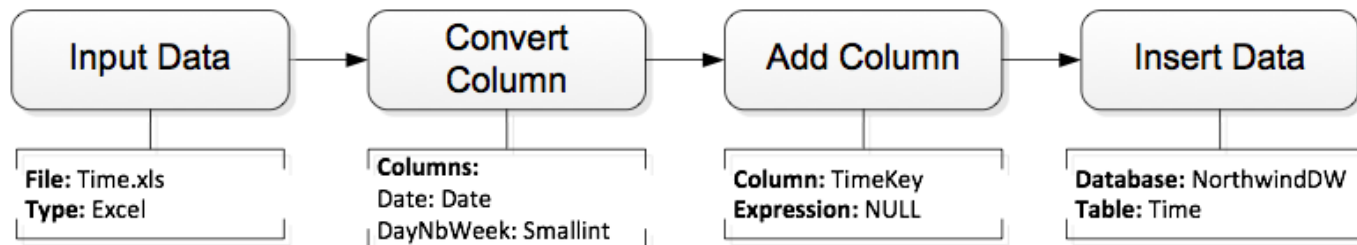
# Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL

## Load of the **Category** dimension table



- Input task loads table **Categories** from the operational database
- Insert task loads the table **Category** in the data warehouse, mapping **CategoryID** to **CategoryKey** attribute in the **Category** table

Loading the **Time** dimension table from an Excel file is similar, but includes a data type conversion, and an addition of the column **TimeKey**

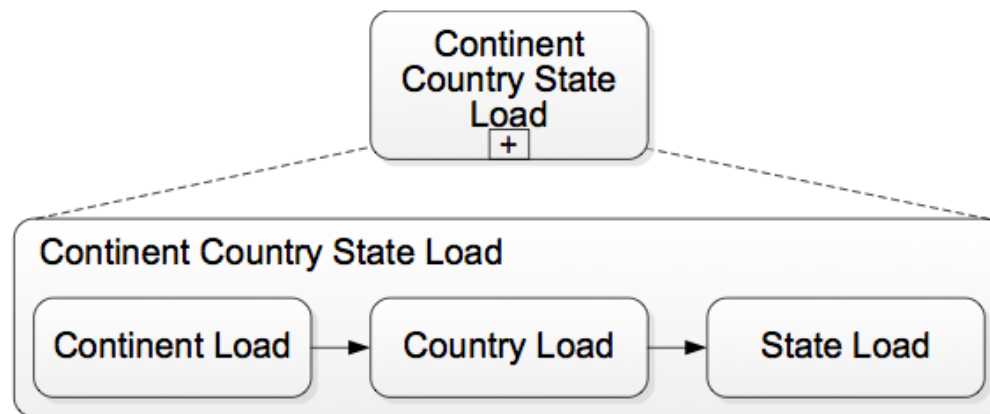




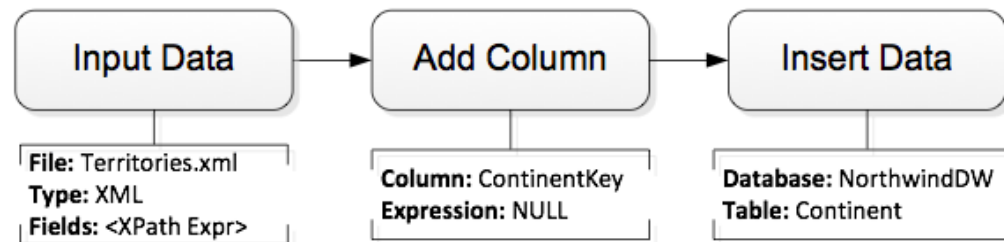
# Conceptual Design of the Northwind ETL

Loading the **City** level first requires loading the **Geography** hierarchy  
**State** → **Country** → **Continent**

Associated control task



Load of the **Continent** table



[TOP](#)

Created by Janusz R. Getta, ISIT312/ISIT912 Big Data Management, Spring 2023

17/18

# References

A. VAISMAN, E. ZIMANYI, Data Warehouse Systems: Design and Implementation, Chapter 8 Extraction, Transformation and Loading, Springer Verlag, 2014